Action Plan for the Brickyard MYN (7/2021)

"To do the greatest good for the greatest number"

At Home

MYN steps 1 - 7

1. Steps 1-6 (detailed in the MYN brochure)

All will attend to their own, immediate household needs before heading to Rebecca's carport (the Command Center (CC))at 25th & Onyx

Put your fire extinguisher out in front of your house

2. Step 7

As you make your way to the CC (with hard hat and gloves) make mental or actual notes of what you see and hear

- what is your observation of the extent of damage
- are there specific houses that are of concern (fire, heavy structural damage, hazards)
- do you see or hear casualties
- has anyone reported anything to you

With Neighbors

Check In

- 1. The first Responder to arrive at the CC becomes the PIC (Person In Charge)
 - assesses suitability of using Rebecca's carport as CC
 - structurally intact
 - nearby hazards
 - weather conditions
 - accesses community bin (lock code: PETER)
 - begins organizing materials and tools
 - begins making notes about situation on whiteboards and map
- 2. The PIC position can be handed off to another Responder who shows up
 - report what you know when handing off
- 3. Assign job of Scribe (notetaker) to another early arrival
 - scribe will collect data from people as they arrive
 - scribe will use notepads, whiteboards and map to document actions taken by team

Take Action

Step 1: Size up the situation

- 1. PIC will send out Responders in teams of two with radio to do a quick assessment of
 - structural damage
 - people in distress
 - hazards
 - fires

2. Scribe

- notes which Responders go to which streets
- collects observations from returning Responders

- annotates map
- relays info to PIC
- 3. Assign a Responder to confirm location for medical treatment center & care center
 - Medical: Steve & Debbie (2456 Onyx) 541-554-7564
 - Care Center: Jack and Susan (2420 Emerald)
 - Alternatives: other intact protected structures

Step 2: Triage (Sorting)

- 1. PIC will organize teams of 2 or 3 Responders to do house to house triage
 - give each team a triage kit containing
 - walkie talkie
 - notebook/clipboard
 - gas wrench
 - laminated neighborhood map
 - colored tapes (4)
 - instruction sheet
 - assign teams to specific blocks
 - highlight assigned area on laminated map
- 2. Scribe will record team composition, assignment, and time they left the CC
- 3. Triage teams will first
 - check around exterior of house for
 - injured people
 - safety hazards
 - downed power line
 - gas leak
 - fire/smoke
 - signs/sounds of distress
 - attempt to contact neighbors in each house
 - will not enter any house that looks unsafe or unoccupied
- 4. Teams will then systematically search each house room by room
 - quickly evaluate injured persons by
 - making sure airway is open
 - do head-tilt/chin lift if no sign of breathing
 - controlling major bleeding
 - direct pressure
 - elevate of wound above heart
 - pressure points
 - tourniquet as last resort
 - checking for sign of shock (fail any part of '30-2-CanDo' assessment)
 - more than 30 breaths per minute
 - more than 2 seconds to refill capillaries
 - can't follow 'squeeze my fingers' command
 - mark injuries found by tying colored tape to person's arm or leg
 - Minor (Green tape)
 - injuries are not serious/person is ambulatory
 - person can be enlisted to assist another with more serious injury

- person can be directed to CC or Care Center
- Delayed (Orange tape)
 - person passes '30-2-CanDo' test
 - needs medical attention that can wait
- Immediate (Red tape)
 - person fails any part of '30-2-CanDo' test
 - needs medical attention ASAP
- Deceased (Black tape)
 - person is not breathing after attempting to open airway
- document what injuries found, where injured is located, and action taken
- 4. Triage teams will report to Scribe on each house via walkie talkie
 - OK
- OK sign in window
- no (or minor) injuries
- mark house with green tape
- Delayed
 - injuries are not life threatening (pass '30-2-CanDo' test) but need medical attention
 - report location of injured persons in house
 - mark house with orange tape
- Immediate
 - fire observed or gas smelled
 - people are trapped
 - injuries appear life threatening (fail '30-2-CanDo' test)
 - no contact but injured people are observed
 - report location of injured persons in house
 - mark house with red tape
- Unknown
 - no contact with residents
 - no injured observed
 - unsafe to enter house
 - mark house with blue tape

Step 3: Search & Rescue + Medical

- 1. PIC will organize teams of 2 or 3 Responders to do medical and S&R response
 - give each team a medical kit containing
 - walkie talkie
 - notebook/clipboard with notes on where to find injured persons
 - multi tool/gas wrench
 - laminated neighborhood map
 - first aid kit
 - instruction sheet
 - assign teams to specific blocks
 - highlight assigned area on laminated map
 - will enter a house only if it is structurally safe
- 2. Scribe will record team composition and assignment

- 3. Send teams to Immediate houses (1st priority)
 - locate and account for all residents
 - assess injuries with 'head-to-toe check' in place if safe
 - evacuate injured before assessment if environment is unsafe
 - get injured to medical center with blanket stretcher or other means
 - record and report actions
- 4. Send teams to Delayed houses (2nd priority)
 - assess injuries with 'head-to-toe check'
 - treat injuries (wounds, breaks, burns) within scope of training
 - get injured to medical center
 - record and report actions
- 5. Send teams to OK houses (3rd priority)
 - check on well-being of residents and treat minor injuries
 - record and report actions
- 6. Send teams to Unknown houses (4th priority)
 - confirm that no-one is home
 - record and report actions

On-going: while teams are being sent out

- 1. Volunteers
 - Responders should direct people looking to help to the CC
 - pair volunteers with Responder who can direct them to effectively help
 - send with teams to do evacuation, scribing, whatever is needed
 - use to set up medical treatment center
 - use to staff other CC teams as they are established
 - can watch over hazards (e.g. downed power line) to warn people
- 2. Build an organization structure as more people become available
 - Teams:
 - Operations ("Does stuff")
 - Fire suppression
 - Search and Rescue
 - Medical
 - Planning ("Runs things")
 - Tracks resources (who is doing what)
 - Tracks the overall situation
 - Develops action plan/alternative strategies
 - Documents actions and resource allocation
 - Logistics ("Gets stuff")
 - Provides communications
 - Finds resources (food, tools, skills) to support Team members
 - Manages supplies and facilities
- 3. Keep records of actions needed and actions taken so nothing is overlooked